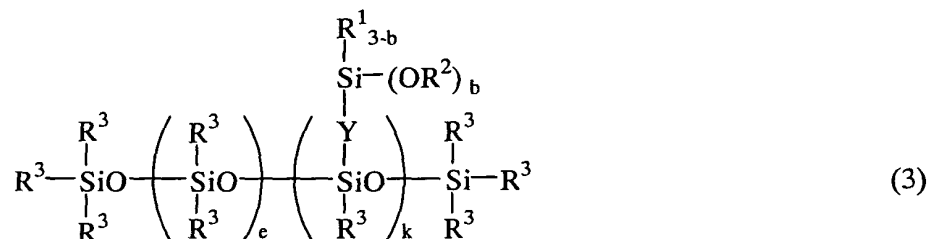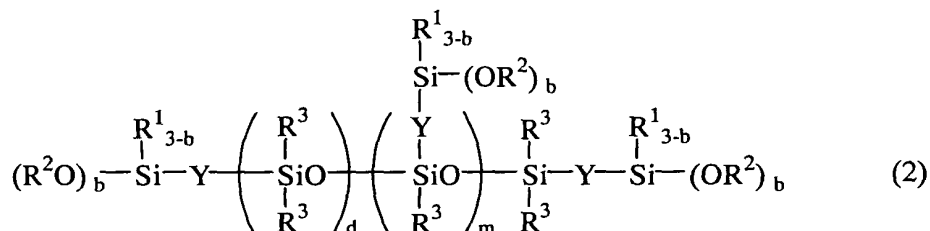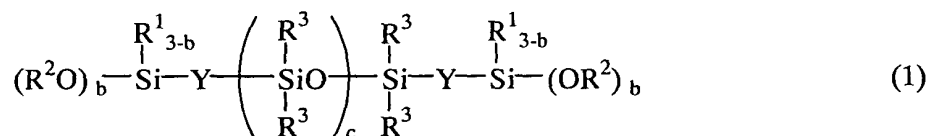CLAIMS:

1.   A room temperature curable organopolysiloxane composition comprising

(A) 100 parts by weight of an organopolysiloxane having at least two organooxysilyl groups in a molecule, represented by the following general formula (1) or average formula (2) or (3):

$$(R^2O)_b-\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^1_{3-b}}{|}}{Si}}-Y-\left(\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{SiO}}\right)_c-\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{Si}}-Y-\underset{}{\overset{\overset{R^1_{3-b}}{|}}{Si}}-(OR^2)_b \qquad (1)$$

$$(R^2O)_b-\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^1_{3-b}}{|}}{Si}}-Y-\left(\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{SiO}}\right)_d\left(\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{\overset{R^1_{3-b}}{|}}{\underset{|}{Si-(OR^2)_b}}}{\overset{|}{Y}}}{SiO}\right)_m\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{Si}}-Y-\underset{}{\overset{\overset{R^1_{3-b}}{|}}{Si}}-(OR^2)_b \qquad (2)$$

$$R^3-\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{SiO}}-\left(\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{SiO}}\right)_e\left(\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{\overset{R^1_{3-b}}{|}}{\underset{|}{Si-(OR^2)_b}}}{\overset{|}{Y}}}{SiO}\right)_k\underset{\underset{R^3}{|}}{\overset{\overset{R^3}{|}}{Si}}-R^3 \qquad (3)$$

wherein R^1 is a monovalent hydrocarbon group, R^2 is a monovalent hydrocarbon group or alkoxy-substituted monovalent hydrocarbon group, R^3 is a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon group, Y is an oxygen atom or divalent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, b is an integer of 1 to 3, c, d, e and m each are an integer of at least 1, k is an integer of at least 2, and c, d+m and e+k in the formulae are each such an integer that the organopolysiloxane has a viscosity of 20 to 1,000,000 centipoises at 25°C,

(B) 1 to 30 parts by weight of a hydroxyl-terminated linear organopolysiloxane having the following general formula (4):
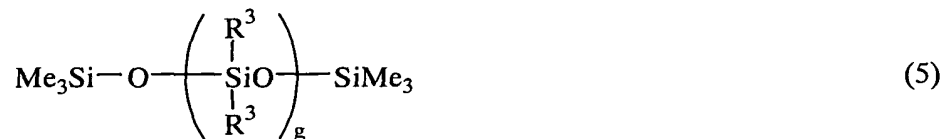
$$H-O-\left(\begin{array}{c} R^3 \\ | \\ SiO \\ | \\ R^3 \end{array}\right)_f -H \qquad (4)$$

wherein R^3 is substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon group and f is such an integer that the organopolysiloxane has a viscosity of 20 to 1,000,000 centipoises at 25°C,

(C) 0.5 to 15 parts by weight of an organooxysilane having the general formula: $R^1_aSi(OR^2)_{4-a}$ wherein R^1 is a monovalent hydrocarbon group, R^2 is a monovalent hydrocarbon group or alkoxy-substituted monovalent hydrocarbon group, and "a" is 0 or 1, or a partial hydrolytic condensate thereof, and

(D) 0.1 to 10 parts by weight of a titanium chelate catalyst.

2. The composition of claim 1, further comprising (E) 1 to 50 parts by weight of a trimethylsiloxy-terminated linear organopolysiloxane having the following general formula (5):

$$Me_3Si-O-\left(\begin{array}{c} R^3 \\ | \\ SiO \\ | \\ R^3 \end{array}\right)_g -SiMe_3 \qquad (5)$$

wherein R^3 is substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon group, g is such an integer that the organopolysiloxane has a viscosity of 20 to 1,000,000 centipoises at 25°C, and Me is methyl.

3. The composition of claim 1, further comprising (F) 1 to 40 parts by weight of fumed silica.